# Calendar No. 294

104TH CONGRESS S. 1164

[Report No. 104-194]

To amend the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 with respect to inventions made under cooperative research and development agreements, and for other purposes.

Reported with amendments December 20, 1995

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104TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

## S. 1164

#### [Report No. 104-194]

To amend the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 with respect to inventions made under cooperative research and development agreements, and for other purposes.

#### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

August 10 (legislative day, July 10), 1995

Mr. Rockefeller (for himself and Mr. Burns) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

December 20, 1995

Reported by Mr. Pressler, with amendments  $\,$ 

[Omit the part struck through and insert the part printed in italic]

#### A BILL

To amend the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 with respect to inventions made under cooperative research and development agreements, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### 1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- This Act may be cited as the "Technology Transfer
- 3 Improvements Act of 1995".

#### 4 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 5 The Congress finds the following:
- (1) Bringing technology and industrial innovation to the marketplace is central to the economic,
  environmental, and social well-being of the people of
  the United States.
  - (2) The Federal Government can help United States business to speed the development of new products and processes by entering into cooperative research and development agreements which make available the assistance of Federal laboratories to the private sector, but the commercialization of technology and industrial innovation in the United States depends upon actions by business.
    - (3) The commercialization of technology and industrial innovation in the United States will be enhanced if companies, in return for reasonable compensation to the Federal Government, can more easily obtain exclusive licenses to inventions which develop as a result of cooperative research with scientists employed by Federal laboratories.

#### 1 SEC. 3. USE OF FEDERAL TECHNOLOGY.

- 2 Subparagraph (B) of section 11(e)(7) of the Steven-
- 3 son-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C.
- 4 3710(e)(7)(B)) is amended to read as follows:
- 5 "(B) A transfer shall be made by any Federal agency
- 6 under subparagraph (A), for any fiscal year, only if the
- 7 amount so transferred by that agency (as determined
- 8 under such subparagraph) would exceed \$10,000.".
- 9 SEC. 4. TITLE TO INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ARISING
- 10 FROM COOPERATIVE RESEARCH AND DEVEL-
- 11 **OPMENT AGREEMENTS.**
- Subsection (b) of section 12 of the Stevenson-Wydler
- 13 Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3710a(b))
- 14 is amended to read as follows:
- 15 "(b) Enumerated Authority.—(1) Under an
- 16 agreement entered into pursuant to subsection (a)(1), the
- 17 laboratory may grant, or agree to grant in advance, to
- 18 a collaborating party patent licenses or assignments, or
- 19 options thereto, in any invention made in whole or in part
- 20 by a laboratory employee under the agreement, for reason-
- 21 able compensation when appropriate. The laboratory shall
- 22 ensure that the collaborating party has the option to
- 23 choose an exclusive license for a field of use for any such
- 24 invention under the agreement or, if there is more than
- 25 one collaborating party, that the collaborating parties are
- 26 offered the option to hold licensing rights that collectively

- 1 encompass the rights that would be held under such an
- 2 exclusive license by one party. In consideration for the
- 3 Government's contribution under the agreement, grants
- 4 under this paragraph shall be subject to the following ex-
- 5 plicit conditions:
- 6 "(A) A nonexclusive, nontransferable, irrev-7 ocable, paid-up license from the collaborating party 8 to the laboratory to practice the invention or have 9 the invention practiced throughout the world by or 10 on behalf of the Government. In the exercise of such 11 license, the Government shall not publicly disclose 12 trade secrets or commercial or financial information 13 that is privileged or confidential within the meaning 14 of section 552(b)(4) of title 5, United States Code, 15 or which would be considered as such if it had been 16 obtained from a non-Federal party.
  - "(B) If a laboratory assigns title or grants an exclusive license to such an invention, the Government shall retain the right—
    - "(i) to require the collaborating party to grant to a responsible applicant a nonexclusive, partially exclusive, or exclusive license to use the invention in the applicant's licensed field of use, on terms that are reasonable under the circumstances; or

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1	"(ii) if the collaborating party fails to
2	grant such a license, to grant the license itself.
3	"(C) The Government may exercise its right re-
4	tained under subparagraphs (B) (ii) and (iii) only if
5	the Government finds that—
6	"(i) the action is necessary to meet health
7	or safety needs that are not reasonably satisfied
8	by the collaborating party;
9	"(ii) the action is necessary to meet re-
10	quirements for public use specified by Federal
11	regulations, and such requirements are not rea-
12	sonably satisfied by the collaborating party; or
13	"(iii) the collaborating party has failed to
14	comply with an agreement containing provisions
15	described in subsection (c)(4)(B).
16	"(2) Under agreements entered into pursuant to sub-
17	section (a)(1), the laboratory shall ensure that a collabo-
18	rating party may retain title to any invention made solely
19	by its employee in exchange for normally granting the
20	Government a nonexclusive, nontransferable, irrevocable,
21	paid-up license to practice the invention or have the inven-
22	tion practiced throughout the world by or on behalf of the
23	Government for research or other Government purposes.
24	"(3) Under an agreement entered into pursuant to
25	subsection (a)(1), a laboratory may—

- "(A) accept, retain, and use funds, personnel, services, and property from a collaborating party and provide personnel, services, and property to a collaborating party;
  - "(B) use funds received from a collaborating party in accordance with subparagraph (A) to hire personnel to carry out the agreement who will not be subject to full-time equivalent restrictions of the agency; and
    - "(C) to the extent consistent with any applicable agency requirements or standards of conduct, permit an employee or former employee of the laboratory to participate in an effort to commercialize an invention made by the employee or former employee while in the employment or service of the Government.
- "(4) A collaborating party in an exclusive license in 18 any invention made under an agreement entered into pur-19 suant to subsection (a)(1) shall have the right of enforce-20 ment under chapter 29 of title 35, United States Code.
- "(5) A Government-owned, contractor-operated laboratory that enters into a cooperative research and development agreement pursuant to subsection (a)(1) may use or obligate royalties or other income accruing to the lab-

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1	oratory under such agreement with respect to any inven-
2	tion only—
3	"(A) for payments to inventors;
4	"(B) for purposes described in clauses (i), (iii),
5	and (iv) of section $14(a)(1)(B)$ ; and
6	"(C) for scientific research and development
7	consistent with the research and development mis-
8	sions and objectives of the laboratory.".
9	SEC. 5. DISTRIBUTION OF INCOME FROM INTELLECTUAL
10	PROPERTY RECEIVED BY FEDERAL LABORA-
11	TORIES.
12	Section 14 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Inno-
13	vation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3710c) is amended—
14	(1) by amending subsection $(a)(1)$ to read as
15	follows:
16	"(1) Except as provided in paragraphs (2) and
17	(4), any royalties or other payments received by a
18	Federal agency from the licensing and assignment of
19	inventions under agreements entered into by Federal
20	laboratories under section 12, and from the licensing
21	of inventions of Federal laboratories under section
22	207 of title 35, United States Code, or under any
23	other provision of law, shall be retained by the agen-
24	cy whose laboratory produced the invention and shall
25	be disposed of as follows:

1 "(A)(i) The head of the agency or labora-2 tory, or such individual's designee, shall pay 3 each year the first \$2,000, and thereafter at 4 least 15 percent, of the royalties or other pay-5 ments to the inventor or coinvestors.

"(ii) An agency or laboratory may provide appropriate incentives, from royalties or other payments, to employees of laboratory who contribute substantially to the technical development of licensed or assigned inventions between the time that the intellectual property rights to such inventions are legally asserted and the time of the licensing or assigning of the inventions.

"(iii) The agency or laboratory shall retain the royalties and other payments received from an invention until the agency or laboratory makes payments to employees of a laboratory under clause (i) or (ii).

"(B) The balance of the royalties or other payments shall be transferred by the agency to its laboratories, with the majority share of the royalties or other payments from any invention going to the laboratory where the invention occurred. The royalties or other payments so

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1	transferred to any laboratory may be used or
2	obligated by that laboratory during the fiscal
3	year in which they are received or during the
4	succeeding fiscal year—
5	"(i) to reward scientific, engineering,
6	and technical employees of the laboratory,
7	including developers of sensitive or classi-
8	fied technology, regardless of whether the
9	technology has commercial applications;
10	"(ii) to further scientific exchange
11	among the laboratories of the agency;
12	"(iii) for education and training of
13	employees consistent with the research and
14	development missions and objectives of the
15	agency or laboratory, and for other activi-
16	ties that increase the potential for transfer
17	of the technology of the laboratories of the
18	agency;
19	"(iv) for payment of expenses inciden-
20	tal to the administration and licensing of
21	intellectual property by the agency or lab-
22	oratory with respect to inventions made at
23	that laboratory, including the fees or other
24	costs for the services of other agencies,
25	persons, or organizations for intellectual

1	property management and licensing serv-
2	ices; or
3	"(v) for scientific research and devel-
4	opment consistent with the research and
5	development missions and objectives of the
6	laboratory.
7	"(C) All royalties or other payments re-
8	tained by the agency or laboratory after pay-
9	ments have been made pursuant to subpara-
10	graphs (A) and (B) that is unobligated and un-
11	expended at the end of the second fiscal year
12	succeeding the fiscal year in which the royalties
13	and other payments were received shall be paid
14	into the Treasury.";
15	(2) in subsection $(a)(2)$ —
16	(A) by inserting "or other payments" after
17	"royalties"; and
18	(B) by striking "for the purposes described
19	in clauses (i) through (iv) of paragraph $(1)(B)$
20	during that fiscal year or the succeeding fiscal
21	year" and inserting in lieu thereof "under para-
22	graph (1)(B)";
23	(3) in subsection (a)(3), by striking "\$100,000"
24	both places it appears and inserting "\$150,000";
25	(4) in subsection (a)(4)—

1	(A) by striking "income" each place it ap-
2	pears and inserting in lieu thereof "payments";
3	(B) by striking "the payment of royalties
4	to inventors" in the first sentence thereof and
5	inserting in lieu thereof "payments to inven-
6	tors'';
7	(C) by striking "clause (i) of paragraph
8	(1)(B)" and inserting in lieu thereof "clause
9	(iv) of paragraph (1)(B)";
10	(D) by striking "payment of the royalties,"
11	in the second sentence thereof and inserting in
12	lieu thereof "offsetting the payments to inven-
13	tors,"; and
14	(E) by striking "elause clauses (i) through
15	(iv) of"; and
16	(5) by amending paragraph (1) of subsection
17	(b) to read as follows:
18	"(1) by a contractor, grantee, or participant, or
19	an employee of a contractor, grantee, or participant,
20	in an agreement or other arrangement with the
21	agency, or".
22	SEC. 6. EMPLOYEE ACTIVITIES.
23	Section 15(a) of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology
24	Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3710d(a)) is amend-
25	$\operatorname{ed}$ —

1	(1) by striking "the right of ownership to an in-
2	vention under this Act" and inserting in lieu thereof
3	"ownership of or the right of ownership to an inven-
4	tion made by a Federal employee"; and
5	(2) by inserting "obtain or" after "the Govern-
6	ment, to".
7	SEC. 7. AMENDMENT TO BAYH-DOLE ACT.
8	Section 210(e) of title 35, United States Code, is
9	amended by striking ", as amended by the Federal Tech-
10	nology Transfer Act of 1986,".
11	SEC. 8. FASTENER QUALITY ACT AMENDMENTS.
12	(a) Section 2 Amendments.—Section 2 of the Fas-
13	tener Quality Act (15 U.S.C. 5401) is amended—
14	(1) by striking subsection (a)(4), and redesignat-
15	ing paragraphs (5) through (9) as paragraphs (4)
16	through (8), respectively;
17	(2) by striking "by lot number" in subsection
18	(a)(7), as so redesignated by paragraph (1) of this
19	subsection; and
20	(3) by striking "used in critical applications" in
21	subsection (b) and inserting "in commerce".
22	(b) Section 3 Amendments.—Section 3 of the Fas-
23	tener Quality Act (15 U.S.C. 5402) is amended—

1	(1) by striking "having a minimum tensile
2	strength of 150,000 pounds per square inch" in para-
3	$graph\ (1)(B);$
4	(2) in paragraph (2) by inserting "consensus"
5	after "or any other";
6	(3) in paragraph (5)—
7	(A) by inserting "or" after "standard or
8	specification," in subparagraph (B);
9	(B) by striking "or" at the end of subpara-
10	graph(C);
11	(C) by striking subparagraph (D); and
12	(D) by inserting "or produced in accord-
13	ance with ASTM F 432" after "307 Grade A";
14	(4) by striking "other person" in paragraph (6)
15	and inserting "government agency";
16	(5) by striking "Standard" in paragraph (8)
17	and inserting "Standards";
18	(6) by striking paragraph (11) and redesignat-
19	ing paragraphs (12) through (15) as paragraphs (11)
20	through (14), respectively;
21	(7) by striking ", a government agency" and all
22	that follows through "markings of any fastener" in
23	paragraph (13), as so redesignated, and inserting "or
24	a government agency"; and

1	(8) by inserting "for the purpose of achieving a
2	uniform hardness" in paragraph (14), as so redesig-
3	nated, after "quenching and tempering".
4	(c) Section 4 Repeal.—Section 4 of the Fastener
5	Quality Act (15 U.S.C. 5403) is repealed.
6	(d) Section 5 Amendments.—Section 5 of the Fas-
7	tener Quality Act (15 U.S.C. 5404) is amended—
8	(1) by striking "subsections (b) and (c)" in sub-
9	section $(a)(1)(B)$ and $(2)(A)(i)$ and inserting "sub-
10	sections (b), (c), and (d)";
11	(2) by striking "or, where applicable" and all
12	that follows through "section $7(c)(1)$ " in subsection
13	(c)(2);
14	(3) by striking ", such as the chemical, dimen-
15	sional, physical, mechanical, and any other" in sub-
16	section $(c)(3)$ ;
17	(4) by inserting "except as provided in sub-
18	section (d)," in subsection (c)(4) before "state wheth-
19	er"; and
20	(5) by adding at the end the following new sub-
21	section:
22	"(d) Alternative Procedure for Chemical
23	Characteristics.—Notwithstanding the requirements of
24	subsections (b) and (c), a manufacturer shall be deemed to
25	have demonstrated, for purposes of subsection $(a)(1)$ , that

- 1 the chemical characteristics of a lot conform to the stand-
- 2 ards and specifications to which the manufacturer rep-
- 3 resents such lot has been manufactured if the following re-
- 4 quirements are met:

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- 5 "(1) The coil or heat number of metal from 6 which such lot was fabricated has been inspected and 7 tested with respect to its chemical characteristics by 8 a laboratory accredited in accordance with the proce-9 dures and conditions specified by the Secretary under 10 section 6.
  - "(2) Such laboratory has provided to the manufacturer, either directly or through the metal manufacturer, a written inspection and testing report, which shall be in a form prescribed by the Secretary by regulation, listing the chemical characteristics of such coil or heat number.
  - "(3) The report described in paragraph (2) indicates that the chemical characteristics of such coil or heat number conform to those required by the standards and specifications to which the manufacturer represents such lot has been manufactured.
  - "(4) The manufacturer demonstrates that such lot has been fabricated from the coil or heat number of metal to which the report described in paragraphs (2) and (3) relates.

- 1 In prescribing the form of report required by subsection (c),
- 2 the Secretary shall provide for an alternative to the state-
- 3 ment required by subsection (c)(4), insofar as such state-
- 4 ment pertains to chemical characteristics, for cases in which
- 5 a manufacturer elects to use the procedure permitted by this
- 6 subsection.".
- 7 (e) Section 6 Amendment.—Section 6(a)(1) of the
- 8 Fastener Quality Act (15 U.S.C. 5405(a)(1)) is amended
- 9 by striking "Within 180 days after the date of enactment
- 10 of this Act, the" and inserting "The".
- 11 (f) Section 7 Amendments.—Section 7 of the Fas-
- 12 tener Quality Act (15 U.S.C. 5406) is amended—
- 13 (1) by amending subsection (a) to read as fol-
- 14 lows:
- 15 "(a) Domestically Produced Fasteners.—It shall
- 16 be unlawful for a manufacturer to sell any shipment of fas-
- 17 teners covered by this Act which are manufactured in the
- 18 United States unless the fasteners—
- 19 "(1) have been manufactured according to the re-
- 20 quirements of the applicable standards and specifica-
- 21 tions and have been inspected and tested by a labora-
- 22 tory accredited in accordance with the procedures and
- 23 conditions specified by the Secretary under section 6;
- 24 *and*

1	"(2) an original laboratory testing report de-
2	scribed in section 5(c) and a manufacturer's certifi-
3	cate of conformance are on file with the manufac-
4	turer, or under such custody as may be prescribed by
5	the Secretary, and available for inspection.";
6	(2) by inserting "label" after "private" the first
7	place it appears in subsection $(c)(2)$ ;
8	(3) by inserting "to the same" in subsection
9	(c)(2) after "in the same manner and";
10	(4) by striking "certificate" in subsection $(d)(1)$
11	and inserting "test report";
12	(5) by striking subsection (e) and inserting the
13	following:
14	"(e) Commingling.—It shall be unlawful for any
15	manufacturer, importer, or private label distributor to com-
16	mingle like fasteners from different lots in the same con-
17	tainer; except that such manufacturer, importer, or private
18	label distributor may commingle like fasteners of the same
19	type, grade, and dimension from not more than two tested
20	and certified lots in the same container during repackaging
21	and plating operations: Provided, that any container which
22	contains the fasteners from two lots shall be conspicuously
23	marked with the lot identification numbers of both lots.";
24	and

1	(6) by striking subsection (f) and inserting the
2	following:
3	"(f) Subsequent Purchaser.—If a person who pur-
4	chases fasteners for any purpose so requests either prior to
5	the sale or at the time of sale, the seller shall conspicuously
6	mark the container of the fasteners with the lot number from
7	which such fasteners were taken.".
8	(g) Section 9 Amendment.—Section 9 of the Fas-
9	tener Quality Act (15 U.S.C. 5408) is amended by adding
10	at the end the following new subsection:
11	"(d) Enforcement.—The Secretary may designate
12	officers or employees of the Department of Commerce to con-
13	duct investigations pursuant to this Act. In conducting such
14	investigations, those officers or employees may, to the extent
15	necessary or appropriate to the enforcement of this Act, ex-
16	ercise such authorities as are conferred upon them by other
17	laws of the United States, subject to policies and procedures
18	approved by the Attorney General.".
19	(h) Section 10 Amendments.—Section 10 of the Fas-
20	tener Quality Act (15 U.S.C. 5409) is amended—
21	(1) by striking "10 years" in subsections (a) and
22	(b) and inserting "5 years"; and
23	(2) by striking "any subsequent" in subsection
24	(b) and inserting "the subsequent".

- 1 (i) Section 13 Amendment.—Section 13 of the Fas-
- 2 tener Quality Act (15 U.S.C. 5412) is amended by striking
- 3 "within 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act".
- 4 (j) Section 14 Repeal.—Section 14 of the Fastener
- 5 Quality Act (15 U.S.C. 5413) is repealed.
- S 1164 RS——2